#### Early Identification of Autism Spectrum Disorder

The HELP Group Summit October 14, 2016

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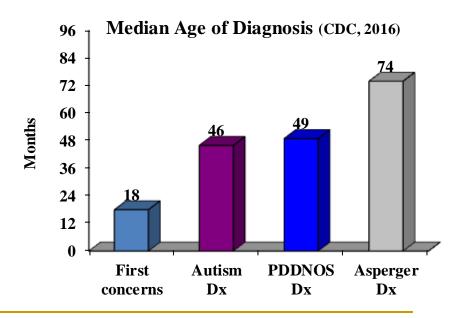
#### Outline

- Early signs of ASD
- Stability of early diagnoses
- Other challenges in siblings
- Screening for ASD in infants and toddlers
- Working with families

#### Earlier Identification

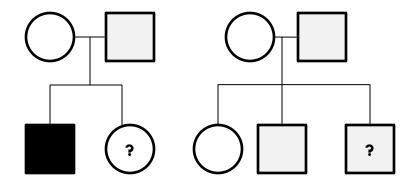
- Median age of diagnosis = 50 months (CDC, 2016)
- Mean age of first parental concern = 18 19 months
  - □ 30–50% report concerns before 1<sup>st</sup> birthday

# Earlier identification → Earlier intervention



#### Methods to Study Early Symptoms

- Retrospective
  - Parent report
  - Home video analysis
- Prospective
  - High risk samples
  - Longitudinal assessments of development



Infant Sibling Design

## UC Davis – UCLA Infant Sibling Study



Phase I 2003 - 2008

N = 350

6 Months

12 Months 18 Months 24 Months 36 Months 6 – 7 Years 9 – 12 Years

Phase II 2008 - 2013

N = 300

6 Months 9 Months 12 Months 15 Months 18 Months 24 Months 36 Months

6 – 7 Years

Phase III 2013 - 2017

N = 200

6 Months 12 Months 18 Months 24 Months 36 Months

# UC Davis – UCLA Infant Sibling Study



#### Goals

- 1. How early can we identify ASD in babies?
  - o What are the earliest reliable markers?
- 2. How stable is early diagnosis?
- 3. What other developmental problems occur in infant siblings?

#### Measures

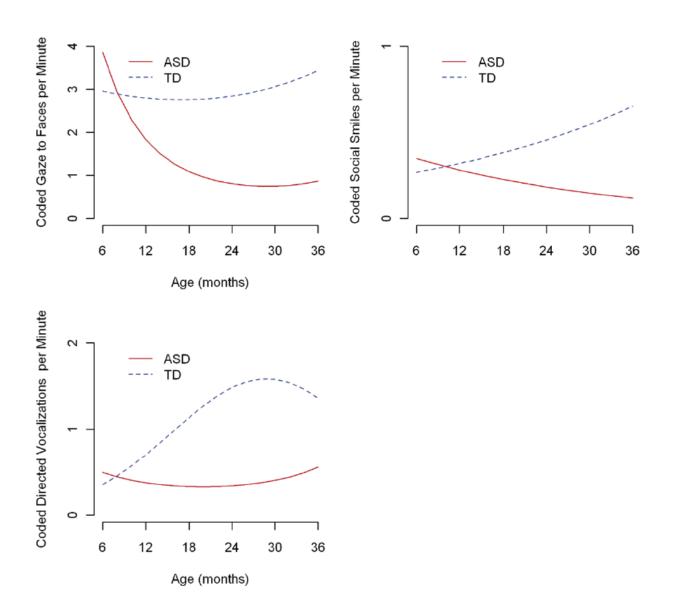


Communication	ESCS, Mullen, MacArthur CDI, Language Use Inventory
Social-Emotional	Peek-a-boo, imitation, empathy, parent-child play, response to name
Face Processing	Eye gaze during still face paradigm
Autism Symptoms	AOSI, ADOS, ADI, SRS
Other	Cognitive, adaptive, motor, head circumference, object use/exploration, form and motion processing, smooth pursuit, audiovisual integration of speech

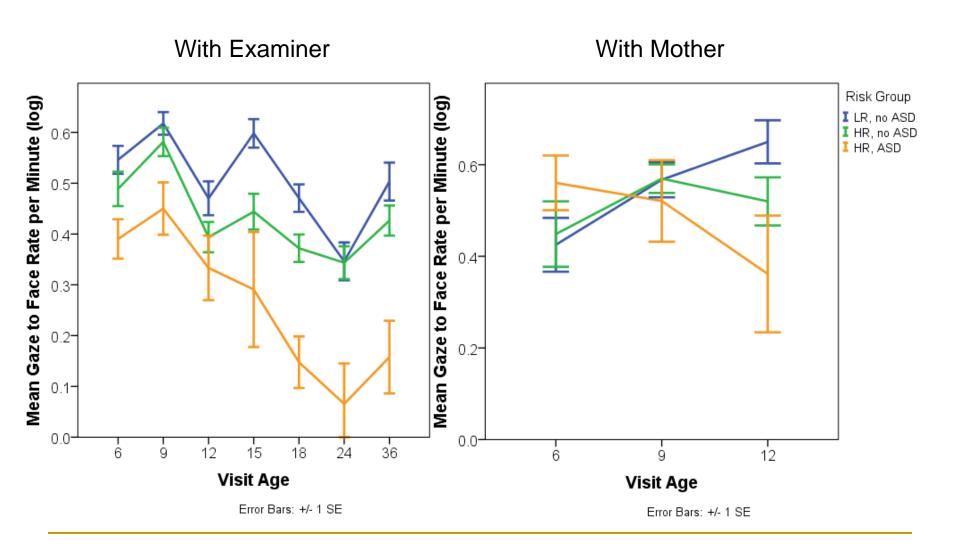
#### Group Differences: ASD Outcomes v Low Risk Infants

	6 m	12 m	18 m	24 m	36 m
Mullen language		✓	✓	✓	✓
MCDI vocabulary		✓	✓	✓	
Vocalization freq		✓	✓	✓	✓
Empathy		✓	✓	✓	✓
ESCS joint attention		✓			
Response to name		✓	✓	✓	
Face processing					
Imitation		✓	✓	✓	✓
Parent-infant synchrony		✓			
Eye contact frequency		✓	✓	✓	✓
Examiner social ratings		✓	✓	✓	✓
Parent social ratings		✓	✓	✓	✓
Repetitive object use		✓	✓	✓	✓

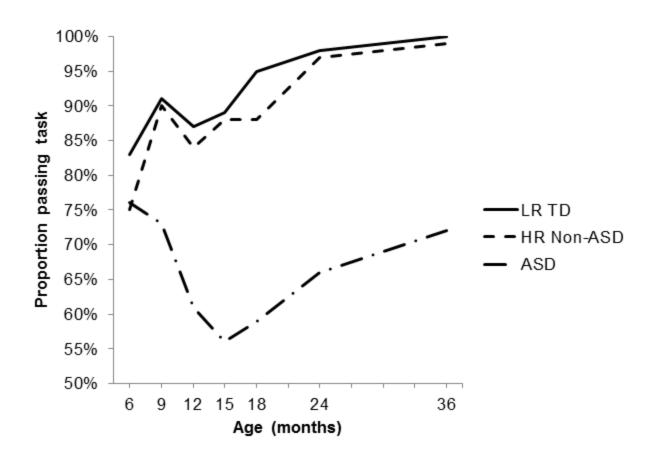
#### Declining Trajectories: Behavior with Examiners



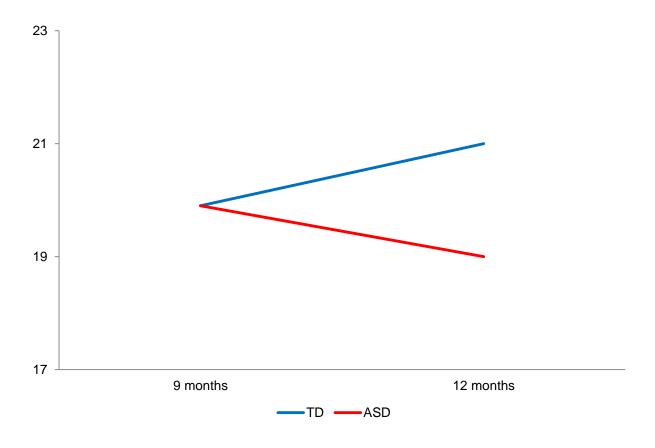
## Eye Contact



#### Response to Name

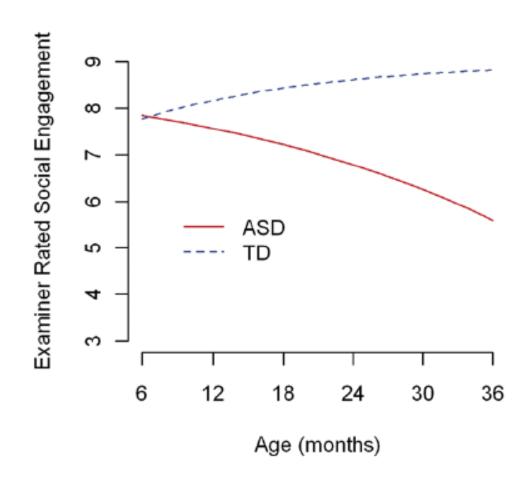


# NCAST Feeding Scale



#### Informant Ratings

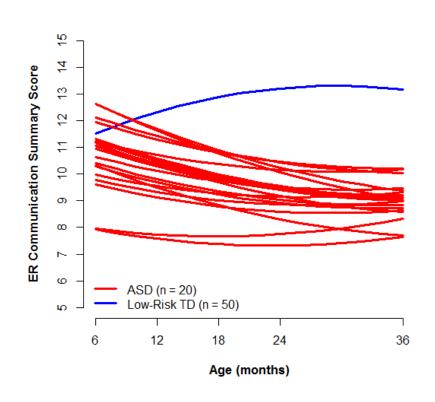
Examiner Ratings, 2010

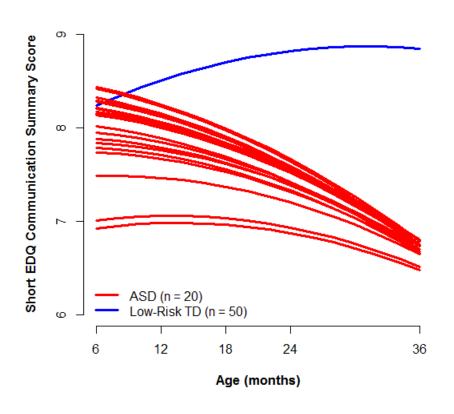


#### Informant Ratings

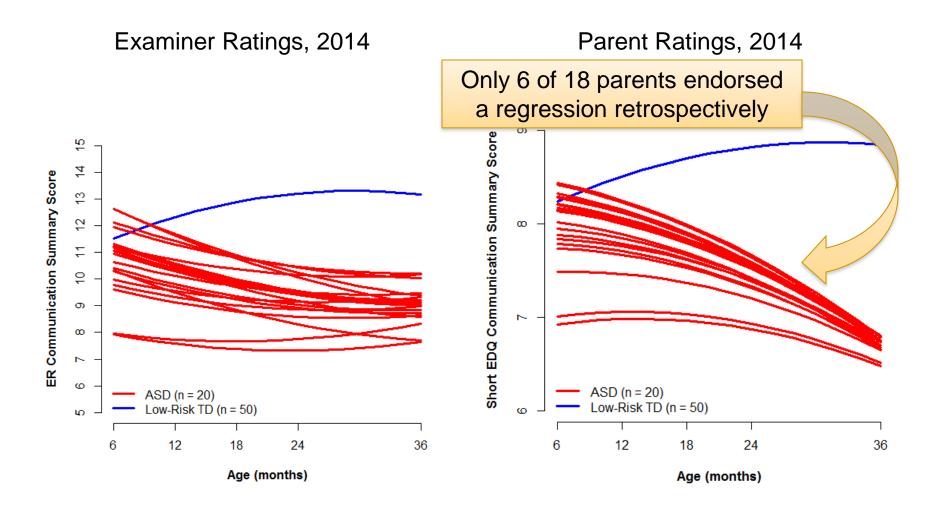
Examiner Ratings, 2014

Parent Ratings, 2014

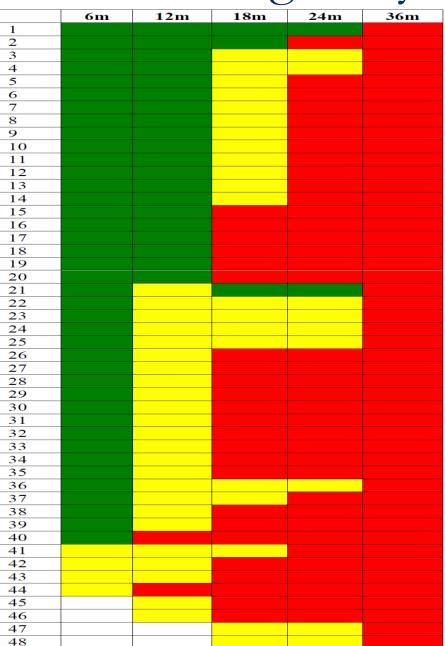




#### Informant Ratings



## Prospective Tracking of Symptoms



*M* age of diagnosis = 23.3 months

50% diagnosed by 18m 75% diagnosed by 24m

#### Group Differences: ASD Outcomes v Low Risk Infants

	6 m	12 m	18 m	24 m	36 m
Mullen language Landa et al.,	2013	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓
MCDI vocabulary		✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	
Vocalization freq		✓	✓	✓	✓
Empathy		✓	✓	✓	✓
ESCS joint attention		✓			
Response to name Gammer et	al., 2015;	Zwaigen	baum et a	ıl., <b>2</b> ⁄005	
Face processing Jones & KI	in, 2013				
Imitation		✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓
Parent-infant synchrony Wan	et al., 201	<b>3</b> ✓			
Eye contact frequency		✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓
Examiner social ratings		✓	✓	✓	✓
Parent social ratings		✓	✓	✓	✓
Repetitive object use Wolff et	al., 2014	✓	✓	✓	✓

#### Conclusions

- ASD emerges over the first 2 years of life
  - Not present at birth as Kanner suggested
- Most children developing ASD show declining trajectories
  - Regressive onset is the norm, not the exception
- Parents identify declining trajectories prospectively, but less so retrospectively
  - ADI-R report of regression is only the tip of the iceberg
- Promise for development of screening measures

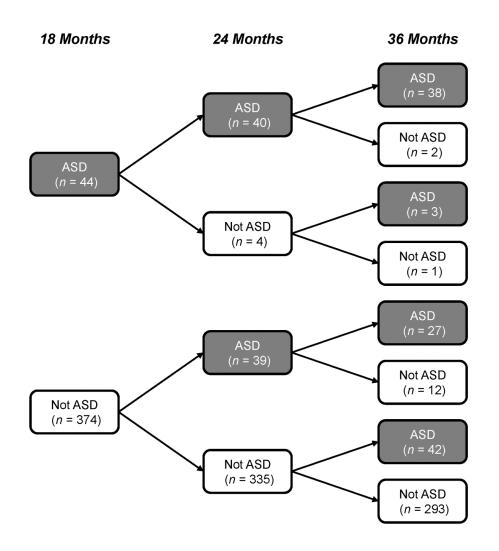
# UC Davis – UCLA Infant Sibling Study



- Goals
  - 1. How early can we identify ASD in babies?
    - O What are the earliest reliable markers?
  - 2. How stable is early diagnosis?
  - 3. What other developmental problems occur in infant siblings?

#### Stability of Early Diagnosis

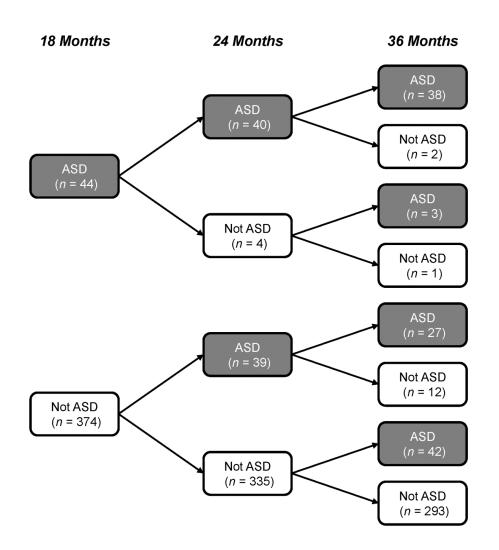




	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV/Stability
18 Months	37%	99%	93%
24 Months	59%	95%	82%

#### Stability of Early Diagnosis





	Sensitivity	Specificity	PPV/Stability
18 Months	37%	99%	93%
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#### Stability of Early Diagnosis



- Diagnosis before 36 months is very stable
  - Over 90% retain the diagnosis
  - If diagnosed early, intervene
  - No need to confirm diagnosis at older ages
- Very few "false positives"
- But... many children with ASD are not identified at 18 or 24 months
  - Symptoms emerge over time

## Conclusions and Clinical Implications

Few markers	of ASD at 6	months (	or earlier

Continued search for markers that identify risk before the onset of behavioral signs

Declining developmental trajectories that clinicians and parents can identify

Early diagnosis is very stable – if diagnosed, intervene

Screen early, screen often, screen later

Family history of ASD is a significant risk factor for later-born siblings

#### Medical Risk-Prevention Model

	Cardiovascular Disease	Autism
Undesired outcome	heart attack, stroke	functional impairment
Screening for risk factors	family hx, hi chol, smoking, diabetes, hypertension	older sibling, failed screening
Prevention/ Monitoring	lifestyle changes (e.g., exercise, diet)	parent training
More intensive intervention as needed	medication, stent, bypass surgery	in-home or center-based beh thx

#### AAP Practice Recommendations (2007)

- Primary care providers should ...
  - Be aware of early signs
  - Perform developmental surveillance and elicit parent concerns at every visit
    - Administer standardized screening measure if indicated
  - Perform formal screens for autism at
     18 and 24 months for all children



American Academy of Pediatrics

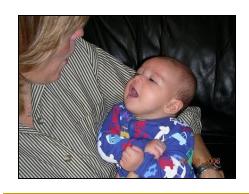
## Infant Social-Communication Milestones

1 month	1-2 months	3 months	6-9 months	6-9 months	9-15 months	12-15 months
Gaze to Faces and Eyes	Social Smile	Cooing, Turn-Taking Vocals	Consonant- Vowel Babbling	Responds to Name	Gestures & Pointing	Imitation

#### Red Flags for Autism in Infancy

#### Babies should be referred who are not...

- 6 9 months
   Looking at faces
   Smiling at others
   Cooing
- 9 12 months
   Responding to name
   Babbling
   Playing social games
   Displaying bright affect
  - 12 18 months
     Pointing and showing
     Using single words
     Using gestures
     Imitating
     Interested in peers







### Screening Tools

- Autism-specific screeners
  - Infant-Toddler Checklist (ITC)
    - 6 24 months
    - http://firstwords.fsu.edu/pdf/checklist.pdf
  - Modified Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (M-CHAT)
    - 16 30 months
    - https://www.m-chat.org





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doi:10.1111/jcpp.12391

# Rapid video-referenced ratings of reciprocal social behavior in toddlers: a twin study

Natasha Marrus, Anne L. Glowinski, Theodore Jacob, Ami Klin, Anne John Klin, Anne John M. Golden, Anne John M. Golden, Anne John M. Golden, Anne John M. Constantino Anne L. Glowinski, Theodore Jacob, Ami Klin, Anne John Marrus, Anne L. Glowinski, Theodore Jacob, Ami Klin, Anne L. Glowinski, Theodore Jacob, Anne Klin, Anne L. Glowinski, Theodore Jacob, Anni Klin, Anne L. Glowinski, Anne L. Glowin

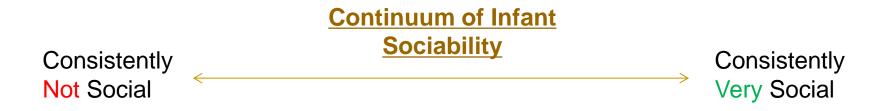
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# Video Referenced Infant Rating System for Autism (VIRSA)

- Video-based screening instrument for 6, 9, 12, and 18-month-olds
  - Measuring social-communication behavior and repetitive, unusual use of objects
- Examine psychometric properties
  - Test-retest reliability
  - Inter-rater reliability
  - Convergent and discriminant validity
  - Predictive validity

#### VIRSA

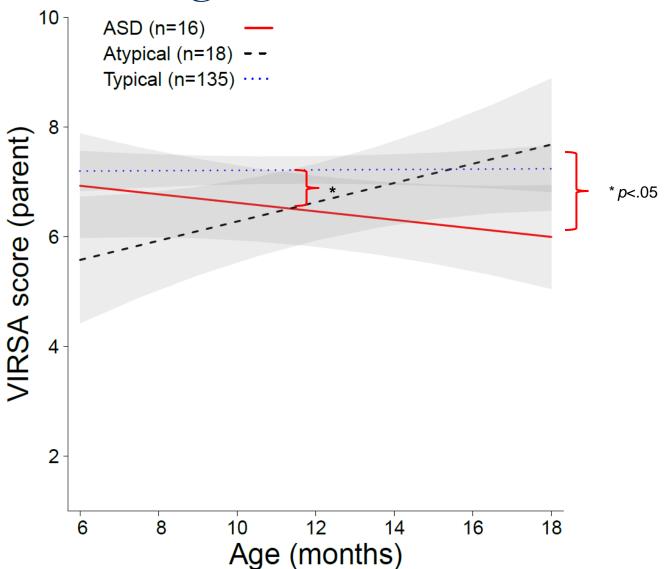
- 20-second video segments
- Paired to contrast
- Babies playing socially with their parents
- Clips display varying degrees of sociability



# Completed VIRSA ratings

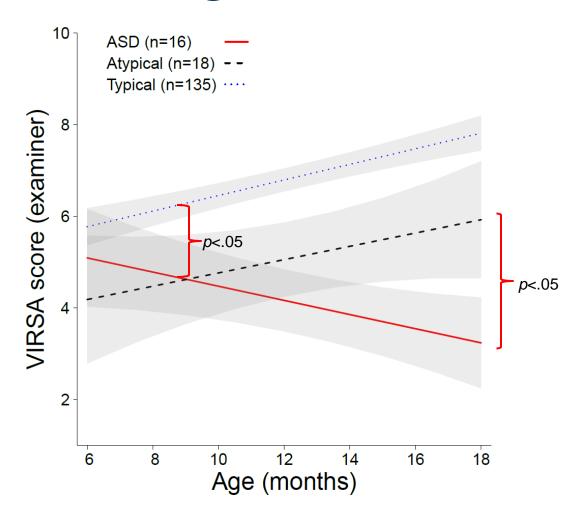
	6 mos	9 mos	12 mos	18 mos
Parent	81	111	136	87
Parent retest	62	85	90	48
Examiner	84	45	144	89

#### VIRSA Ratings: Parent



Main effect for Group:  $X^2 = 6.68$ , p < .05Group x Age interaction:  $X^2 = 6.41$ , p < .05

#### VIRSA Ratings: Examiner



#### VIRSA Screening Efficacy

No differences among groups at 6 months, replicating other measures

Declining trajectories over time, replicating other measures

By 9 months, the screening instrument can identify broad/general delays

By 18 months, it can differentiate which infants have ASD

This low-burden, video-based, informant-report screening measure is promising for earlier identification

# Working with Families in the Face of Diagnostic Uncertainty

#### **PROMOTE:**

- Transparency and trust
- Monitoring



#### **AVOID:**

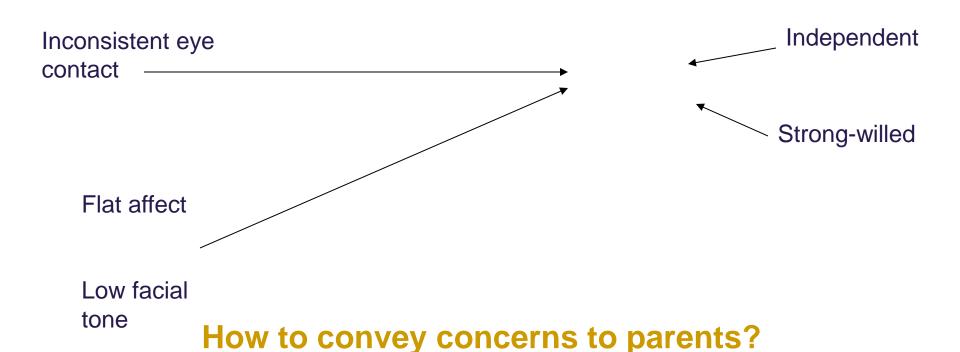
- Undue alarm
- Negative changes in relationship with child

# Working with Families in the Face of Diagnostic Uncertainty

What we see

**≠** 

What parents see



## Communicating Concerns

- Acknowledge, do not dismiss, parent concerns
- Have open and honest discussions
  - Be willing to express uncertainty
  - Acknowledge range of outcomes, imperfection of prediction of severity
- Discuss repercussions of false negatives and false positives
  - Families will differ in their values
- Provide parenting strategies and practical advice

#### Resources

- Does My Child Have Autism? A Parent's Guide to Early Detection and Intervention by Stone & DiGeronimo (2006)
- ASDetect.org a video-based app for early identification of ASD
- An Early Start for Your Child with Autism by Rogers et al (2012)
- The Activity Kit for Babies and Toddlers at Risk: How to Use Everyday Routines to Build Social and Communication Skills by Fein et al (2016)
- http://www.autismspeaks.org
  - First 100 Days kit
  - Learn the Signs campaign
  - Video Glossary